

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP IN RUSSIA

MARKET OVERVIEW, MAIN DIRECTIONS FOR RUSSIAN PPP MARKET DEVELOPMENT AND PROJECT CASES

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NATIONAL CENTER FOR PPP



The Center is a main expert organization for PPP promotion in Russia through the introduction of digital technologies, investing in quality infrastructure and providing up-to-date analytics on the PPP market

Researches for the infrastructure

MISSION

Facilitation of public infrastructure development investments to raise the quality of life

STRATEGIC GOAL

Increase quantity and improve quality of infrastructure projects based on PPP principles

RESEARCH & ANALYTICS

Conduction of comprehensive surveys and preparation of analytical reports

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Convening largescale business events for the purpose of infrastructure development

"ROSINFRA" PLATFORM

A unique digital solution for PPP projects preparation and maintenance

Projects have been successfully launched with our support

Leading PPP development

institution in Russia

300

Nº1

ASSISTANCE IN PROJECT LAUNCHING

Expert evaluation of projects and assistance in obtaining financial and non-financial support

CAPACITY BUILDING

Educational events for regional and local project teams

Total value of investments in the projects supported by the Center

bln

market and authorities

Legal acts were examined by the Center

Years of infrastructure and PPP market development in Russia







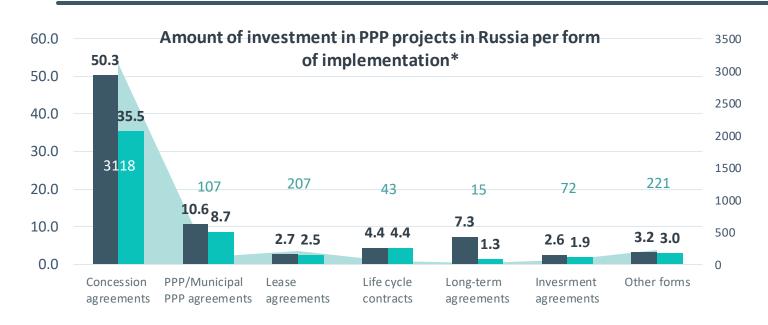




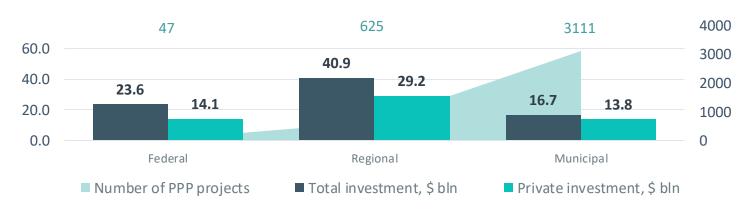


RUSSIAN PPP MARKET





Amount of investment in PPP projects in Russia per level of implementation*



^{*} Ongoing projects including those implemented as quasi-PPPs (offset contracts, lease agreements etc.)

Number of Ongoing PPP Projects in Russia per area



TOTAL INVESTMENT \$81,2 BLN

PRIVATE INVESTMENT \$57,2 BLN

PPP LEGAL FRAMEWORK OF RUSSIA (1/2)



The main elements of PPP legal framework of Russia:

Law on Concession Agreements (115-FZ)

Facilities are always transferred back to the public when the contract expires

In some cases, the concessionaire has a preferential right to purchase the object after the expiration of the agreement

Designated operation is required **Minimal duration** of agreement is not set

Traditional procurement in the Russian Federation

Federal Law (44-FZ, 2013) Federal Law (223-FZ, 2011)

Law on PPP Agreements (224-FZ)

Facilities are transferred to private ownership from the moment of the conclusion of the agreement

The objects remain in the ownership of the private partner after the agreement expires if the private partner has invested over 50% of the total volume of investments

Maintenance-only contracts are allowed (no designated operation required)

At least 3 years of agreement duration are required

Different forms of quasi-PPP

- investment contracts (agreements)
- special investment contracts
- life cycle contracts or long-term public / municipal contracts with investment commitments
- energy service contracts
- lease agreements
- corporate partnership forms

Adoption of the Law on concession agreements

115-FZ becomes the main PPP instrument in Russia

2005 Γ 2006 Γ 2013 Γ 2<mark>01</mark>4 Γ

Revision of the 115-FZ, radual removal of restrictions

Adoption of the Law on PPP agreements

2015 г

RUSSIAN PPP MARKET TRENDS



Trends in the Russian PPP Market

Around 95 %

of private investment accrues to large-scale projects worth more than \$ 10 million

63 %

Transport infrastructure accounts for the largest share of total investment

\$35,7 bln

Investment in the main transportation infrastructure

73 %

Utilities and energy sector dominates in terms of the number of projects

Average project size has increased from \$6.7 mln to \$19.9 mln since 2017



The vast majority of projects are implemented at the municipal level



The largest part of investment is concentrated at the regional level



Unified and standardized financial products and services, including out-of-the-box solutions, **enter the PPP market**



PPP mechanisms are extended to **new spheres**, such as information technology, agriculture and industry

KEY TRANSPORT PROJECTS (1/2)





HIGH-SPEED HIGHWAY M-11 "MOSCOW - ST. PETERSBURG"

The project of the M-11 high-speed highway "Moscow - St. Petersburg", launched in 2009, is one of the major toll roads in Russia and is the first the first project partially financed by loans and bonds. The implementation of the project allowed to increase passenger and cargo traffics

Technical and economic parameters

The total length of the constructed sections is 669 km. The construction is divided into 9 stages, of which 8 are completed Number of lanes: 4, 6, 8, 10

Total investment

~ \$7 bln

Implementation phase

Operation

Form of implementation

Concession Agreement



KEY TRANSPORT PROJECTS (2/2)





BORDER BRIDGE ACROSS THE AMUR RIVER NEAR BLAGOVESHCHENSK (RUSSIA) - HEIHE (CHINA)

Concession agreement aimed at the construction of a cross - border bridge connecting Russia and China. The project has influenced trade facilitation

Technical and economic parameters

The length of the bridge over the river is 1080 m. The total length reaches 20 km: 6 km of road in China and 13 km of roads in Russia with 278 m of the bridge over the Kanikurganskaya Channel. The bridge on the Russian side begins on the island

Total investment

~ \$250 mln

Implementation phase

Operation

Form of implementation

Concession Agreement



KEY DIGITAL PROJECT





A SYSTEM OF DIGITAL LABELING AND TRACKING (MONITORING) OF THE TURNOVER OF GOODS

Creation of an unified national system of digital marking and tracing of goods

Technical and economic parameters

Labeling is the application of a special DataMatrix code to the packaging and the entry of this unit of goods into the database. The digital code guarantees the authenticity and quality of the goods. Anyone who has "Chestniy Znak" mobile app can use the system

Total investment

~ \$3,6 bln

Implementation phase

Operation

Form of implementation

PPP/Municipal PPP Agreement



"ROSINFRA" DIGITAL PLATFORM



"ROSINFRA" Digital Platform is a unique digital solution for the preparation, implementation and maintenance of infrastructure projects



3 765
ongoing PPP projects*



1 777

planned PPP projects



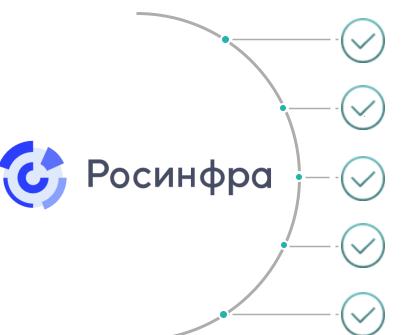
600

analytical materials



18 000

registered users



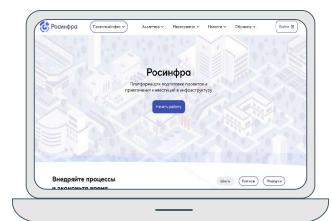
Provides access to continuously updated data about ongoing projects and project proposals

Helps to build field-specific competencies and expertise for the project launching

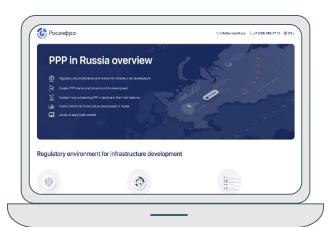
Raises the quality of projects through the experience and expertise of the leading industry experts

Facilitates search and engagement of prospective investors and strategic partners

Provides up-to-date information about the PPP market and developments in its regulation and governance



ROSINFRA.RU



EN.ROSINFRA.RU

* Except for projects in industry and agriculture

DIGITAL PROJECT OFFICE



A digital project office is a service through which regional and municipal authorities, investors, consultants and funding organizations will be able to jointly participate in the preparation and implementation of PPP projects

Main services









Unified task tracker

Unified storage

Project team Unified communication system

Unified task tracker

Allows:

 to monitor the process of project implementation. Shows the life cycle of the project in 9 sections.

In each section it is possible:

- to create tasks
- to assign roles and deadlines

Unified storage

Allows:

- to store documentation in a single space
- to create independent folders
- to restore or permanently delete a file or folder within 30 days

Project team

Allows:

- to see all the participants working on the project
- to add new team members with an indication of the role and completeness of access to information

Unified communication system

Allows:

- to chat of the project team
- to connect the team with the experts of the National PPP Center
- to communicate with consultants on the technical functionality of the platform

https://rosinfra.ru/rosinfra/office

IRIIS* SYSTEM



IRIIS is a system for assessment and certification of infrastructure projects which allows to evaluate three aspects of infrastructure project: "Economics and Management", "Quality of Life", "Ecology and Climate"

IRIIS is applicable to transport, social, utility infrastructure, power generation and telecommunication facilities

Acknowledged by:









IRIIS METHODOLOGY



ONLINE PLATFORM FOR PROJECTS
ASSESSMENT



TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR ASSESSORS



VERIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES



IRIIS
CERTIFICATION
PROCESS:

The Initiator of the project conducts in-house assessment of the project

The Verifier checks the results of in-house assessment and generates the score of the project

>

The IRIIS Operator checks compliance with verification rules

4

The Methodological Centre approves the final score of the project and certifies the project

IRIIS
BENEFITS:



Quality project structuring

Proper risk assessment and management

- Improved return on investment
- Advantage in competition for limited resources



Compliance with technological processes, labor discipline

Introduction of advanced approaches
 to design, construction and operation of the facility

Harmonization of the project with the needs of local communities



Careful use of resources

Reduction of hazardous substances emissions

Conservation of the

 environment and prevention of climate change

PILOT PROJECT





"EASTERN EXIT": CONSTRUCTION OF AN EXIT FROM UFA TO THE M5 "URAL" HIGHWAY

"Eastern exit" project launched in 2017. The first pilot project certified by IRIIS system. The project contributes to the development of Bashkiria's transport and logistics potential

Technical and economic parameters

The project included the construction of a toll highway with a length of 14 km (4 lanes), a tunnel with a length of 1.2 km, a bridge over the Ufa River and the introduction of a toll collection system and an automated traffic management system. The commissioning of the facility is expected at the end of 2023

Total investment

~ \$550 mln

Implementation phase

Construction

Form of implementation

Concession Agreement



ASSESSMENT OF BUDGETARY RISKS IN PPP



Problems

- Lack of data on types and amounts of budget liabilities made by public partners in PPP projects
- Disuse of comprehensive tools for assessment, forecasting and management of contingent budgetary liabilities in PPP projects
- The role of fiscal authorities in deciding on the implementation of PPP projects and their further monitoring is not legally fixed

System for assessing, accounting and managing budgetary obligations

The system contributes to ensuring the fiscal sustainability of the budgetary system and managing budgetary obligations arising from the implementation of PPP projects

The budgetary risk assessment model allows to forecast an impact of different macroeconomic shocks on PPP projects portfolio and assess a volume of potential guarantees to be paid. Center plans to develop a probabilistic model to assess and forecast project risks

Model algorithm

Collection and accounting of information on PPP projects



Assessment and forecasting of the volume of budgetary obligations and possible budgetary risks



Management of budgetary obligations and making decisions in the implementation of PPP projects with direct and contingent budgetary obligations

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